§ 80.651

MHz or 9320–9500 MHz band the applicant must submit a letter requesting approval of the proposed station to: Commandant (G–NSR), U.S. Coast Guard, Washington, DC 20593. The letter must include the name, address and telephone number of a person or a point of contact responsible for the operation of the device, the specific need for the station, the name of the associated ship, the area in which the transponder will be used, and the hours of operation. The Commission may request an applicant to provide a copy of the request and the U.S. Coast Guard approval.

[52 FR 7419, Mar. 11, 1987, as amended at 63 FR 36607, July 27, 1998; 63 FR 68956, Dec. 14, 1998]

EFFECTIVE DATE NOTE: At 63 FR 68956, Dec. 14, 1998, \$80.605 was amended by revising paragraphs (a) and (c)(9) and by revising the last sentence of paragraph (d). This section contains information collection and record-keeping requirements, and the amendments will not become effective until approval has been given by the Office of Management and Budget.

Subpart N—Maritime Support Stations

§80.651 Supplemental eligibility requirements.

(a) An applicant for a maritime support station must demonstrate a requirement for training personnel associated with the maritime service or for the testing, demonstration or maintenance of ship or coast radio equipment.

(b) [Reserved]

$\S 80.653$ Scope of communications.

- (a) Maritime support stations are land stations authorized to operate at permanent locations or temporary unspecified locations.
- (b) Maritime support stations are authorized to conduct the following operations:
- (1) Training of personnel in maritime telecommunications:
- (2) Transmissions necessary for the test and maintenance of maritime radio equipment at repair shops and at temporary unspecified locations;
- (3) Transmissions necessary to test the technical performance of the li-

censee's public coast station(s) radiotelephone receiver(s); and

(4) Transmissions necessary for radar/racon equipment demonstration.

[51 FR 31213, Sept. 2, 1986, as amended at 62 FR 40308, July 28, 1997]

§ 80.655 Use of frequencies.

- (a) The frequencies available for assignment to maritime support stations are described or listed in:
- (1) Section 80.373 for scope of communications described in §80.653(b)(1);
- (2) Sections 80.373 and 80.385 for scope of communications described in §80.653(b)(2); and
- (3) Section 80.389 for scope of communications described in §80.653 (b)(3) and (4).
- (b) Frequencies must be used only on a secondary, non-interference basis to operational maritime communications.
- (c) Use of frequencies assigned to services other than the maritime radio-location service is limited to one hour per twenty four hour period.

[51 FR 31213, Sept. 2, 1986, as amended at 52 FR 35245, Sept. 18, 1987]

§ 80.659 Technical requirements.

The authorized frequency tolerance, class of emission, bandwidth, and transmitter power for maritime support stations are contained in subpart E of this part under the category associated with the intended use except for power limitations imposed upon stations operating within the scope of §80.653(b)(3), which are further limited by the provisions of §80.215(f).

Subpart O—Alaska Fixed Stations

§ 80.701 Scope of service.

There are two classes of Alaska Fixed stations. Alaska-public fixed stations are common carriers, open to public correspondence, which operate on the paired duplex channels listed in subpart H of this part. Alaska-private fixed stations may operate on simplex frequencies listed in subpart H of this part to communicate with other Alaska private fixed stations or with ship stations, and on duplex frequencies listed in subpart H of this part when communicating with the Alaska-public fixed stations. Alaska-private fixed